SUPREME COURT OF THE AUSTRALIAN CAPITAL TERRITORY

PRACTICE DIRECTION NO 2 OF 2009

ROBING OF PRACTITIONERS IN THE SUPREME COURT AND COURT OF APPEAL

- Lawyers exercising their right of audience in matters before the Supreme Court and Court of Appeal should robe in the circumstances set out in this practice direction unless the presiding judicial officer otherwise orders.
- Robes and wigs should be worn or not worn in the circumstances set out in Table 1 and Table
 2.
- 3. Judges often conduct mixed lists which include matters where different robing expectations apply. Practitioners should wear robes and wigs in accordance with Tables 1 and 2 whether or not the judge is robed. Judges do not wear wigs.
- 4. Where practitioners are unaccustomed to wearing robes and related attire, it is expected that they will take the necessary steps to ensure that they fully understand the correct way in which such attire is to be worn.

Table 1 Barrister robing

Court	Type of matter	Robes	Wig
Court of Appeal	Directions before a single judge	No	No
	Interlocutory application before a single judge	No	No
	Hearing before three judges	Yes	No
Full Court of	Hearing before three judges	Yes	No
Supreme Court			
Supreme Court	Any hearing before the Registrar or Deputy Registrar	No	No
	Directions hearing, callover or mention before a judge	No	No
	Bail application before a judge	No	No
	Interlocutory application (civil)	No	No
	Interlocutory application (criminal) (eg application related to	Yes	No
	severance of indictment, tendency evidence, exclusion of		
	evidence)		
	Trial or other final hearing (including a hearing on a separate	Yes	No
	question) (civil)		
	Trial before a judge and jury (criminal)	Yes	Yes
	Trial before a judge alone (criminal)	Yes	No
	Taking of pre-trial evidence (where trial is to be by judge with a	Yes	Yes
	jury) (criminal)		
	Taking of pre-trial evidence (where trial is to be by judge alone)	Yes	No
	(criminal)		
	Sentencing hearing	Yes	No
	Delivery of reserved judgment after a final hearing (civil)	Yes	No
	Delivery of reserved judgment after a trial or on sentence (criminal)	Yes	No

Argument in relation to costs or final orders following a final hearing (civil)	Yes	No
Ceremonial sittings of the Supreme Court (including admissions ceremonies)	Yes	Yes

In this table, "Judge" includes "Associate Judge".

Table 2 Solicitor robing

Type of matter		Wig
When appearing as counsel in a jury trial		Yes
Any other hearing in the Court of Appeal, Full Court of the Supreme Court or		No
Supreme Court		

By direction of the Judges

Annie Glover Registrar

18 September 2019

Amendment History

18 November 2009:

Original Practice Direction

10 November 2015:

This Practice Direction replaces the previous version of PD 2 of 2009 that was

issued on 18 November 2009.

18 September 2019

This Practice Direction replaces the previous version of PD 2 of 2009 that was

issued on 10 November 2015.